

# How to test the Swift in my UI

Paulo Santos e Vitor Varela



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CONFERENCE





# The Goal

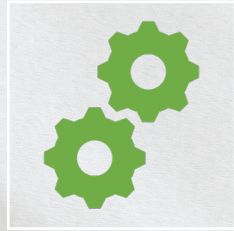




# Agenda



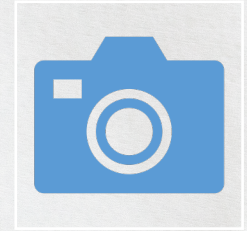
Introduction



Robot Pattern



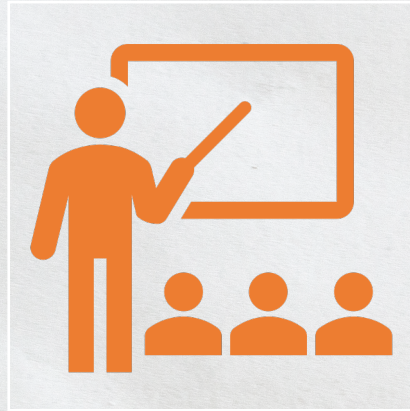
View Inspector



Snapshot Tests



# Agenda



## Introduction



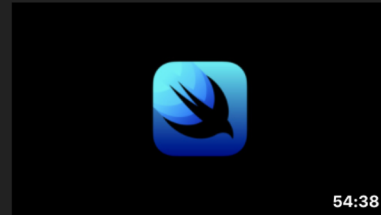
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# Build great apps in SwiftUI



54:38

## Introduction to SwiftUI

WWDC 2020



27:44

## What's new in SwiftUI

WWDC 2020



22:52

## Build complications in SwiftUI

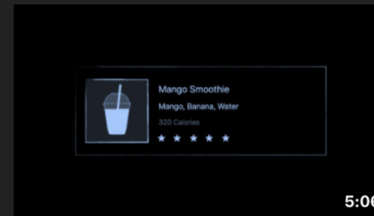
WWDC 2020



15:29

## App essentials in SwiftUI

WWDC 2020



5:06

## Visually edit SwiftUI views

WWDC 2020



19:08

## Stacks, Grids, and Outlines in SwiftUI

WWDC 2020



14:14

## Build a SwiftUI view in Swift Playgrounds

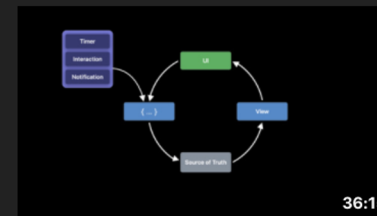
WWDC 2020



12:02

## Build document-based apps in SwiftUI

WWDC 2020



36:15

## Data Essentials in SwiftUI

WWDC 2020



20:22

## Build SwiftUI views for widgets

WWDC 2020



# Unit testing in SwiftUI

Asked 10 months ago   Active 7 months ago   Viewed 1k times



I am trying to write unit tests for SwiftUI views but finding zero resources on the web for how to go about that.

3

I have a view like the following



```
struct Page: View {
    @EnvironmentObject var service: Service

    var body: some View {
        NavigationView {
            ScrollView(.vertical) {
                VStack {
                    Text("Some text")
                        .font(.body)
                        .navigationBarTitle(Text("Title"))

                    Spacer(minLength: 100)
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

I started writing a test like this

```
func testPage() {
    let page = Page().environmentObject(Service())
    let body = page.body
    XCTAssertNotNil(body, "Did not find body")
}
```

But then how do I get the views inside the body? How do I test their properties? Any help is appreciated.

**Update:** As a matter of fact even this doesn't work. I am getting the following runtime exception

```
Thread 1: Fatal error: body() should not be called on ModifiedContent<Page, _Enviro
```



3

*Original reply:*



Until Apple



a) designs testability into SwiftUI, and

b) exposes this testability to us,

we're screwed, and will have to use UI Testing in place of unit testing... in a complete inversion of the Testing Pyramid.

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[edited Dec 2 '19 at 0:29](#)

[answered Oct 4 '19 at 19:57](#)



[Jon Reid](#)

17.9k ● 2 ● 51 ● 82

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There is a framework created specifically for the purpose of runtime inspection and unit testing of SwiftUI views: [ViewInspector](#)

3



So the test for your view would look like this:



```
func testPage() throws {  
    let page = Page().environmentObject(Service())  
    let string = try page.inspect().navigationView().scrollView()  
                    .vStack().text(0).string()  
    XCTAssertEqual(string, "Some text")  
}
```

share improve this answer follow

edited Jan 12 at 11:54

answered Nov 24 '19 at 18:50



[nalexn](#)

8,833 ● 6 ● 37 ● 45

add a comment



*Update:* Let's all try using the ViewInspector library by nalexn!

3



*Original reply:*

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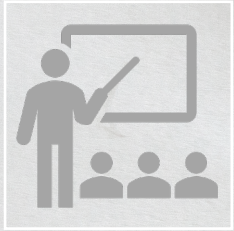
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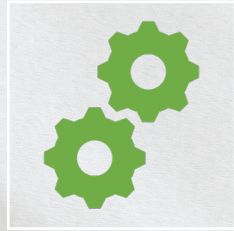
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# Agenda



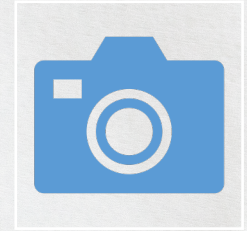
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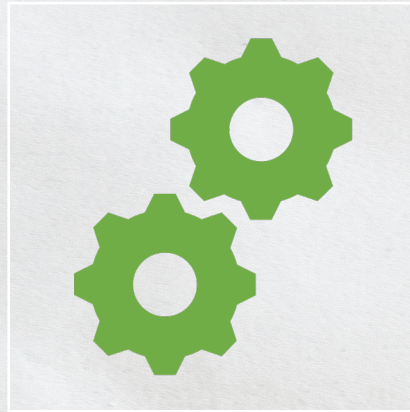
View Inspector



Snapshot Tests

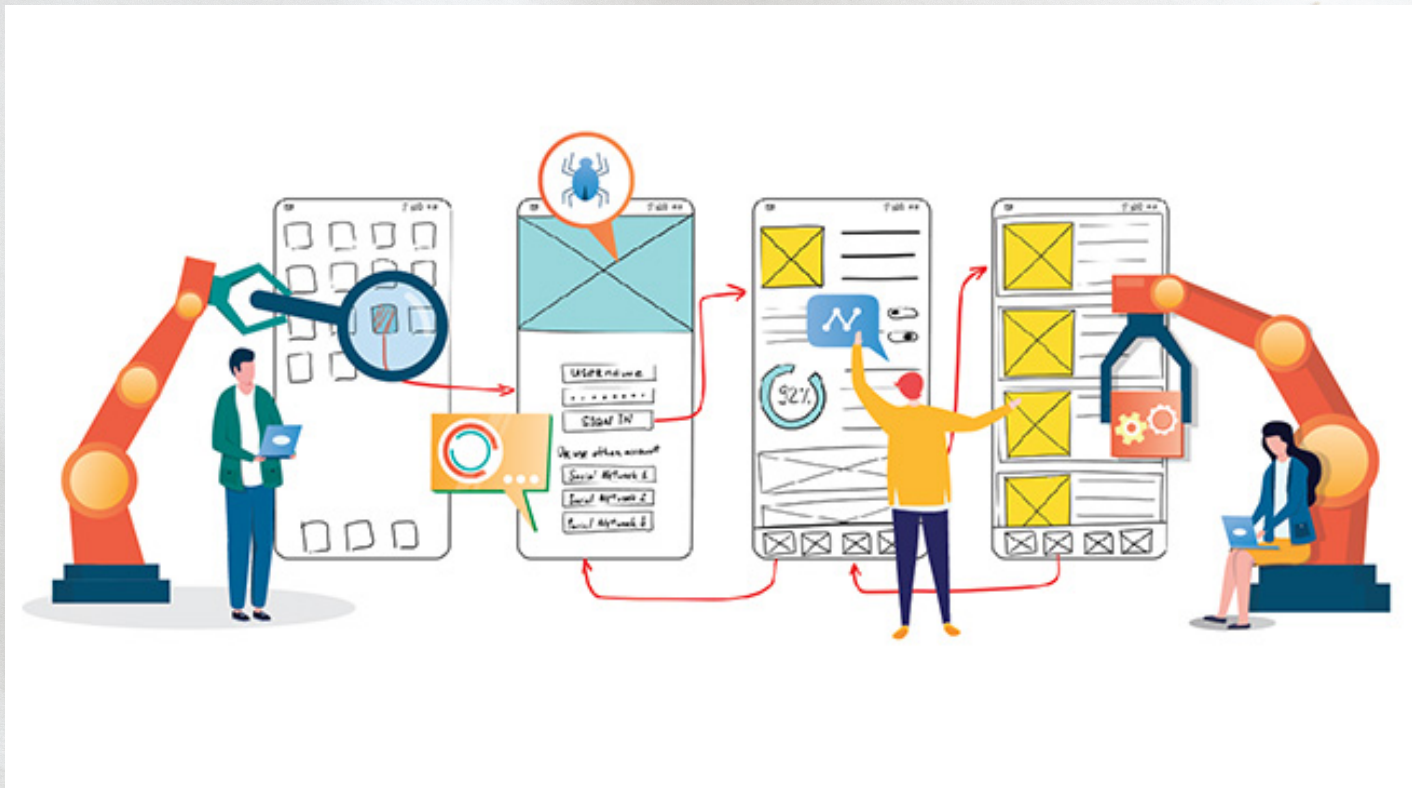


# Agenda



## Robot Pattern





# UI Testing



# XCUITest

```
func test_sendNewiMessage() {
    let app = XCUIApplication()
    app.launch()

    app.buttons["new_message"].tap()

    let newMessage = app.staticTexts["New Message"]
    let predicate = NSPredicate(format: "exists == true")
    let expectation = XCTNSPredicateExpectation(predicate: predicate, object: newMessage)
    let result = XCTWaiter.wait(for: [expectation], timeout: 5)
    XCTAssertEqual(result, .completed)

    app.typeText("iMessage Contact")

    let newimessage = app.staticTexts["New iMessage"]
    let newimessagePredicate = NSPredicate(format: "exists == true")
    let newiMessageExpectation = XCTNSPredicateExpectation(predicate: newimessagePredicate, object: newimessage)
    let newiMessageResult = XCTWaiter.wait(for: [newiMessageExpectation], timeout: 5)
    XCTAssertEqual(newiMessageResult, .completed)

    let firstField = app.textFields["messageField"]
```



```
let result = XCTWaiter.wait(for: [expectation], timeout: 5)
```

```
XCTAssertEqual(result, .completed)
```

```
app.typeText("iMessage Contact")
```

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```

```
let newiMessageResult = XCTWaiter.wait(for: [newiMessageExpectation], timeout: 5)
```

```
XCTAssertEqual(newiMessageResult, .completed)
```

```
let firstField = app.textFields["messageField"]
```

```
firstField.typeText("test iMessage")
```

```
app.buttons["send"].tap()
```

```
let message = app.staticTexts["test iMessage"]
```

```
let messagePredicate = NSPredicate(format: "exists == true")
```

```
let messageExpectation = XCTNSPredicateExpectation(predicate: messagePredicate, object: message)
```

```
let messageResult = XCTWaiter.wait(for: [messageExpectation], timeout: 5)
```

```
XCTAssertEqual(messageResult, .completed)
```

```
}
```



```

import XCTest
class Robot {
    var app = XCUIApplication()

    func tap(_ element: XCUIElement, timeout: TimeInterval = 5) {
        let expectation = XCTNSPredicateExpectation(predicate: NSPredicate(format: "isHittable == true"), object: element)
        guard XCTWaiter.wait(for: [expectation], timeout: timeout) == .completed else {
            XCTAssert(false, "Element \(element.label) not hittable")
        }
    }

    func assertExists(_ elements: XCUIElement..., timeout: TimeInterval = 5) {
        let expectation = XCTNSPredicateExpectation(predicate: NSPredicate(format: "exists == true"), object: elements)
        guard XCTWaiter.wait(for: [expectation], timeout: timeout) == .completed else {
            XCTAssert(false, "Element does not exist")
        }
    }
}

```



```

class ConversationDetailRobot: Robot {

    private var messageType = "Message"
    lazy private var screenTitle = app.staticTexts["New \ (messageType)"]
    lazy private var contactField = app.textFields["contact"]
    lazy private var cancel = app.buttons["Cancel"]
    lazy private var messageField = app.textFields["messageField"]
    lazy private var sendButton = app.buttons["send"]

    @discardableResult
    func checkScreen(messageType: String) -> Self {
        self.messageType = messageType
        assertExists(screenTitle, contactField, cancel, messageField, sendButton)
        return self
    }

    @discardableResult
    func enterContact(contact: String) -> Self {
        tap(contactField)
        contactField.typeText(contact)
        return self
    }

    @discardableResult
    func enterMessage(message: String) -> Self {
        tap(messageField)
        messageField.typeText(message)
        return self
    }
}

```



```
@discardableResult
func enterContact(contact: String) -> Self {
    tap(contactField)
    contactField.typeText(contact)
    return self
}
```

```
@discardableResult
func enterMessage(message: String) -> Self {
    tap(messageField)
    messageField.typeText(message)
    return self
}
```

```
@discardableResult
func sendMessage() -> Self {
    tap(sendButton)
    return self
}
```

```
@discardableResult
func checkConversationContains(message: String) -> Self {
    let messageBubble = app.staticTexts[message]
    assertExists(messageBubble)
    return self
}
}
```

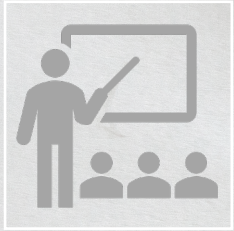


# Robot Pattern

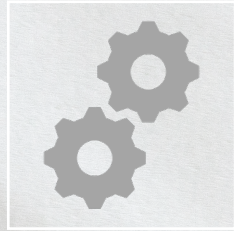
```
func test_sendNewiMessage() {  
  
    let message = "test message"  
  
    XCUIApplication().launch()  
  
    ConversationListRobot()  
        .newConversation()  
        .checkConversationContains(message: "Message")  
        .enterContact(contact: "iMessage Contact")  
        .checkScreen(messageType: "iMessage")  
        .enterMessage(message: message)  
        .sendMessage()  
        .checkConversationContains(message: message)  
}
```



# Agenda



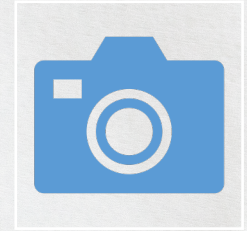
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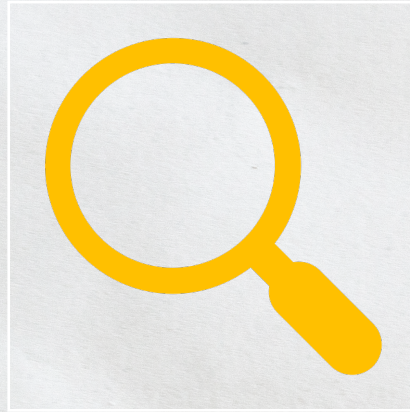
View Inspector



Snapshot Tests



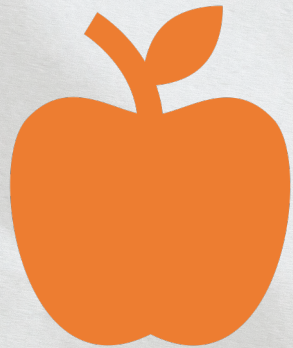
# Agenda



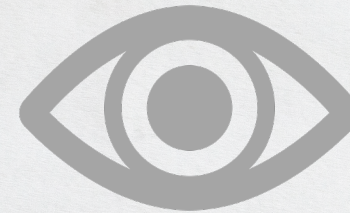
## View Inspector



# View Inspector



Apple Support



SwiftUI Views





**Alexey Naumov**

nalexn

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- <https://nalexn.github.io/swiftui-unit-testing/>



# Features

## 1. Verify the view's inner state

You can dig into the hierarchy and read the actual state values on any SwiftUI View:

```
func testVStackOfTexts() throws {  
    let view = VStack {  
        Text("1")  
        Text("2")  
        Text("3")  
    }  
    let text = try view.inspect().vStack().text(2).string()  
    XCTAssertEqual(text, "3")  
}
```



# Features

## 2. Trigger side effects

You can simulate user interaction by programmatically triggering system-controls callbacks:

```
let button = try view.inspect().hStack().button(1)
try button.tap()

let list = try view.inspect().list()
try list[5].view(RowItemView.self).callOnAppear()
```



# Features

## 3. Extract custom views from the hierarchy of any depth

It is possible to obtain a copy of your custom view with actual state and references from the hierarchy of any depth:

```
let sut = try view.inspect().tabView().navigationView()  
            .overlay().anyView().view(CustomView.self).actualView()  
XCTAssertTrue(sut.viewModel.isUserLoggedIn)
```



# Features

- Views using **@Binding**
- Views using **@ObservedObject**
- Views using **@State**, **@Environment** or **@EnvironmentObject**
- **ViewModifiers**



# Example

```
import XCTest
import ViewInspector
import SwiftUI
@testable import PocViewInspector

class PocViewInspectorTests: XCTestCase {
```



# Example

```
import XCTest
import ViewInspector
import SwiftUI
@testable import PocViewInspector

class PocViewInspectorTests: XCTestCase {

    func testContentView_withText_shouldHaveHelloWorld() throws {
        let sut = ContentView()
        let text = try sut.body.inspect().vStack().text(0).string()
        XCTAssertEqual(text, "Hello, World!")
    }
}
```



# Example

```
import XCTest
import ViewInspector
import SwiftUI
@testable import PocViewInspector

class PocViewInspectorTests: XCTestCase {

    func testContentView_withText_shouldHaveHelloWorld() throws {
        let sut = ContentView()
        let text = try sut.body.inspect().vStack().text(0).string()
        XCTAssertEqual(text, "Hello, World!")
    }

    func testContentView_withList_firstElementShouldBeHello0() throws {
        let sut = ContentView()
        let list = try sut.body.inspect().vStack().list(1)
        let firstText = try list.forEach(0).hStack(0).text(0).string()
        let secondText = try list.forEach(0).hStack(1).text(0).string()

        XCTAssertEqual(firstText, "Hello 0")
        XCTAssertEqual(secondText, "Hello 1")
    }
}
```



```

    let sut = ContentView()
    let text = try sut.body.inspect().vStack().text(0).string()
    XCTAssertEqual(text, "Hello, World!")
}

func testContentView_withList_firstElementShouldBeHello0() throws {
    let sut = ContentView()
    let list = try sut.body.inspect().vStack().list(1)
    let firstText = try list.forEach(0).hStack(0).text(0).string()
    let secondText = try list.forEach(0).hStack(1).text(0).string()

    XCTAssertEqual(firstText, "Hello 0")
    XCTAssertEqual(secondText, "Hello 1")
}

func testContentView_withCustomView_shouldHaveTextWithCustomText() throws {
    let sut = ContentView()

    let customView = try sut.body.inspect().vStack().view(CustomView.self, 2).actualView()
    let text = try customView.body.inspect().text().string()
    XCTAssertEqual(text, "Custom text")
}

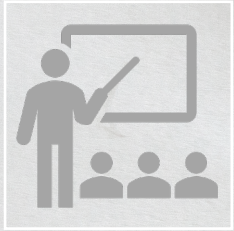
}

extension CustomView: Inspectable {}

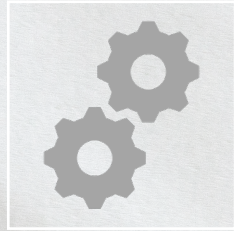
```



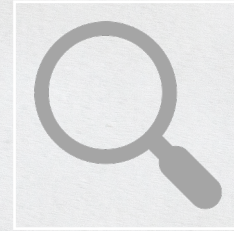
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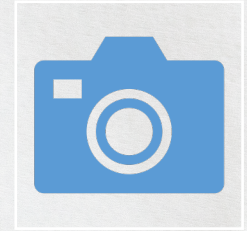
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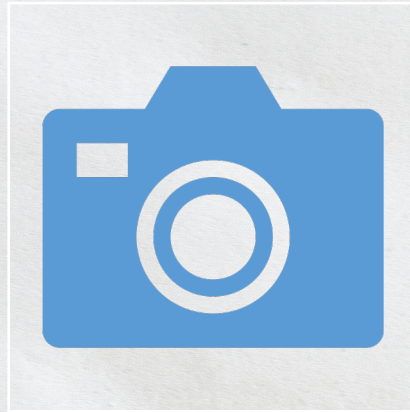
View Inspector



Snapshot Tests



# Agenda



## Snapshot Tests



# Snapshot Testing



Regression  
testing



UI Changes



Snapshot types



## Features

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- **Codable support.** Snapshot encodable data structures into their `JSON` and `property list` representations.



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- **Codable support.** Snapshot encodable data structures into their `JSON` and `property list` representations.
- **Custom diff tool integration.**

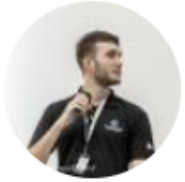


```
import SnapshotTesting
import XCTest

class MyViewControllerTests: XCTestCase {
    func testMyViewController() {
        let contentView = SwiftUIView()
        let hostController = UIHostingController(rootView: contentView)
        assertSnapshot(matching: hostController, as: .image(on: .iPhoneSe))
        assertSnapshot(matching: hostController, as: .image(on: .iPhoneSe(.landscape)))
        assertSnapshot(matching: hostController, as: .image(on: .iPhoneX))
        assertSnapshot(matching: hostController, as: .image(on: .iPadMini(.portrait)))
    }
}
```

Swift ▾





**txaiwieser** commented on 3 Jul

Also facing a lot of problems trying to snapshot SwiftUI views



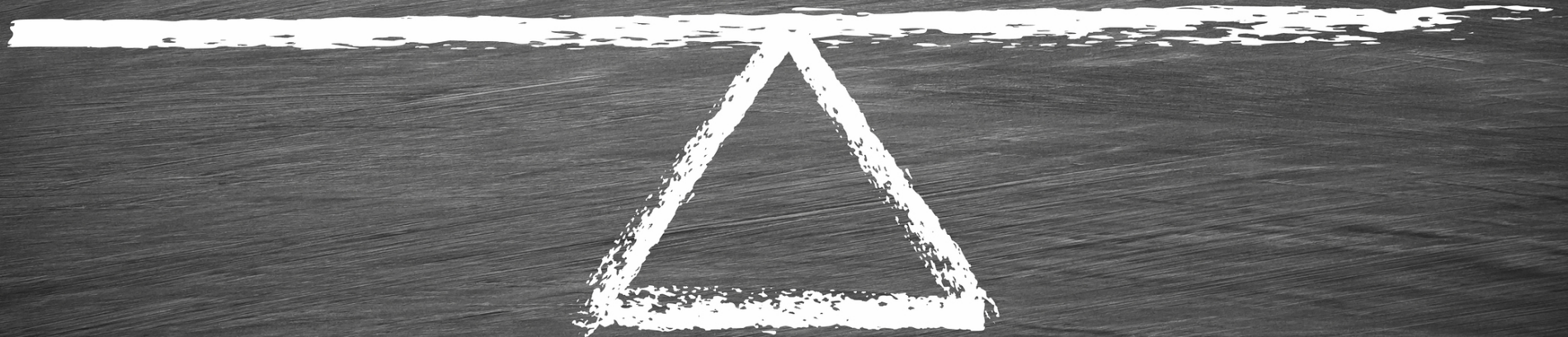






Pros

Cons





# Robot Pattern - Pros

Reuse of code

Clear tests

Easy to create

Accessibility

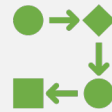


# Robot Pattern

## - Cons



Visual specs



Mock



Production code



Slow



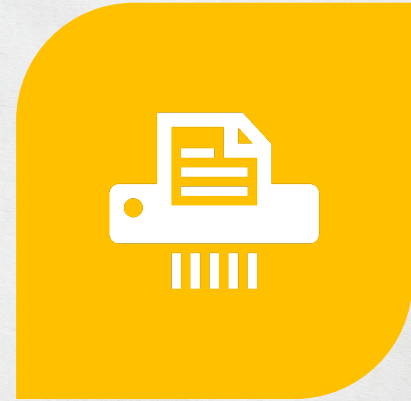
# View Inspector - Pros



Full support to unit test  
SwiftUI views and modifiers



Fast and easy to mock



Open-source



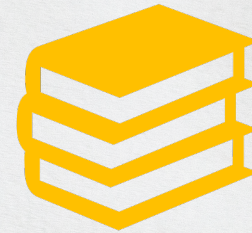
# View Inspector - Cons



Hard to find element to  
test in view hierarchy



New SwiftUI view types  
may not be supported



Library is maintained by  
the community



# Snapshot - Pros

Almost no efforts to update  
broken tests

Trivial to write

Verify different appearances, sizes  
and languages

Obviously what has changed



# Snapshot cons



BUGS



SIZE



FALSE NEGATIVES



COUPLING





# Thank You

